

Press Meeting 27 January 2003 二零零三年一月廿七日新聞發佈會

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1984 - first HIV case diagnosed

一九八四年發現首例愛滋病病毒感染

HIV/AIDS Surveillance

愛滋病監測

HIV/AIDS Reporting

Voluntary 自願呈報系統 **STD Surveillance**

Social Hygiene Clinics 性病監測

Behavioural Surveillance

STD patients, drug users etc 相關行為監測

Serosurveillance 血清監測

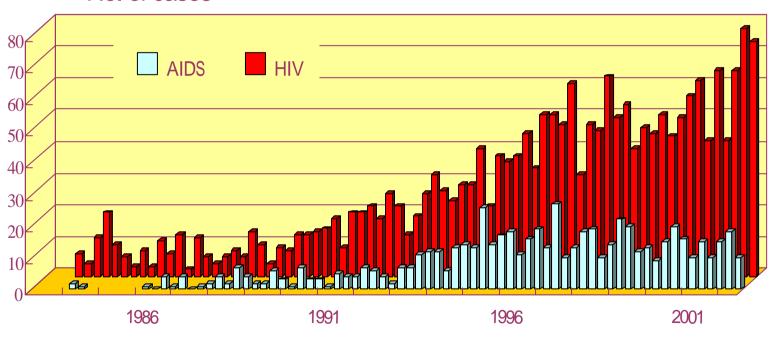
Other Studies 其它研究

香港每季愛滋病病毒感染及愛滋病統計

Quarterly HIV/AIDS Statistics

1984 - Q4 2002, Hong Kong (N=2015/613)

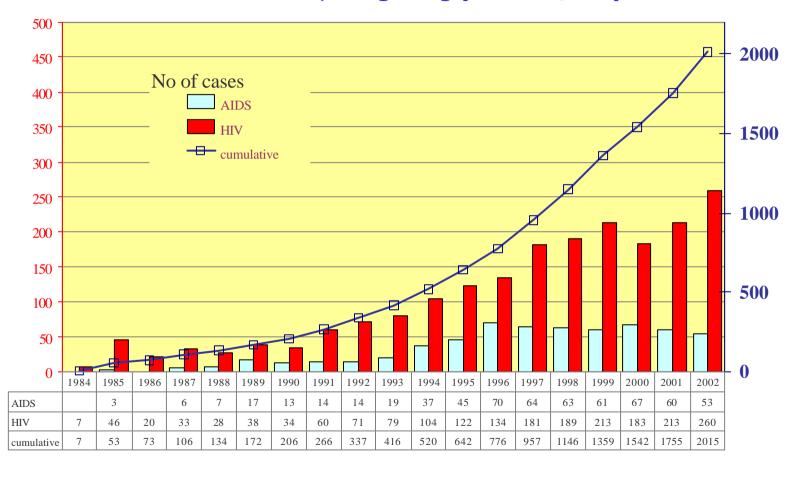




香港每年愛滋病病毒感染及愛滋病統計

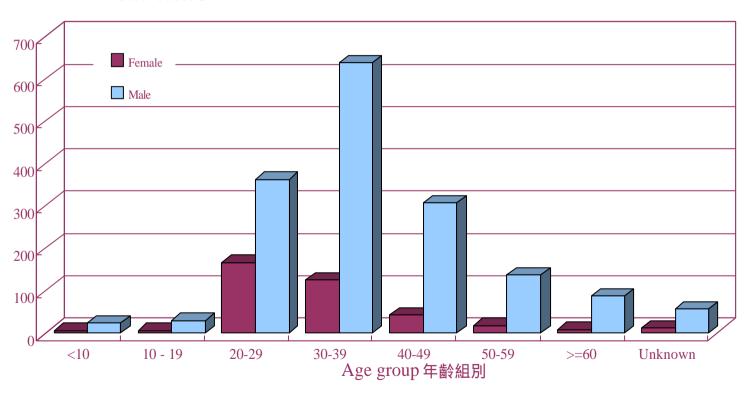
Annual HIV/AIDS Statistics

1984 - 2002, Hong Kong (N=2015/613)

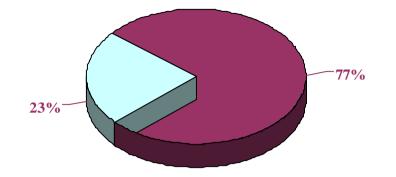


感染愛滋病病毒人士之年齡及性別分佈 Reported HIV infection - by Age & gender

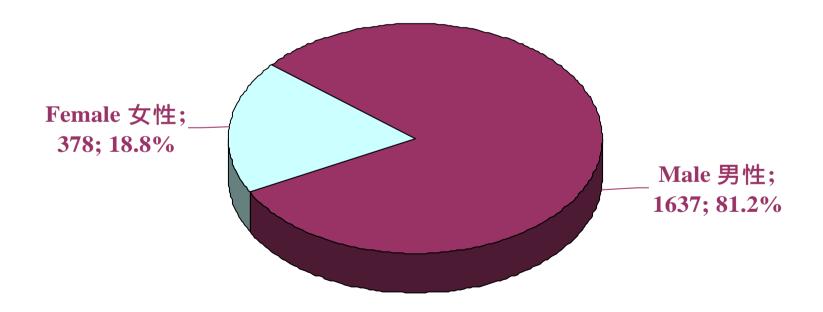
No. of Cases 個案數字



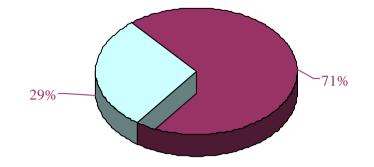
2002



感染愛滋病病毒人士之性別分佈
Reported HIV
infection by gender

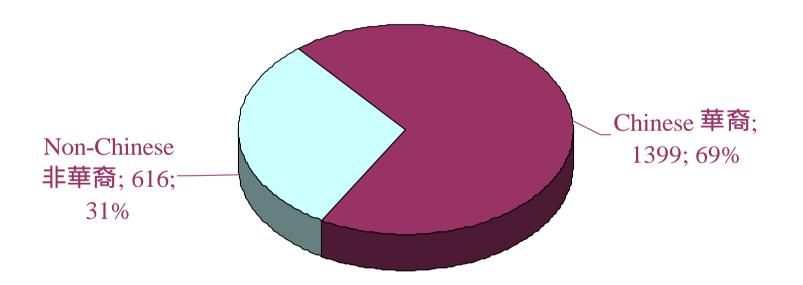


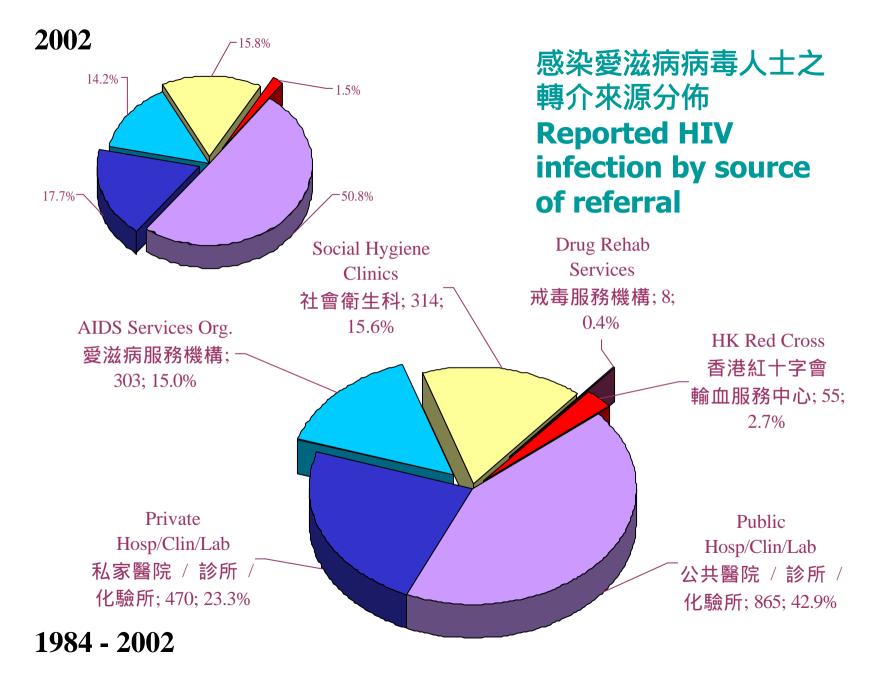
2002

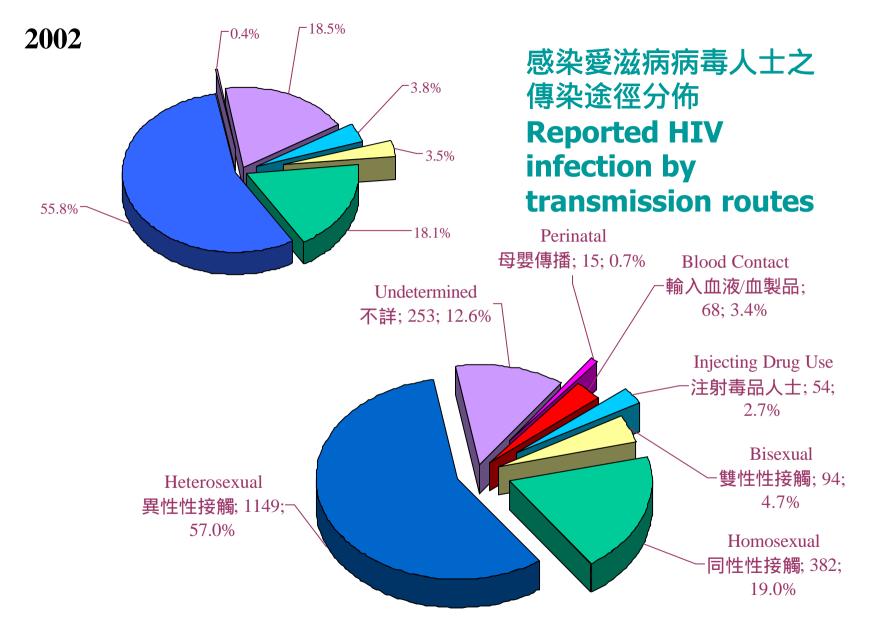


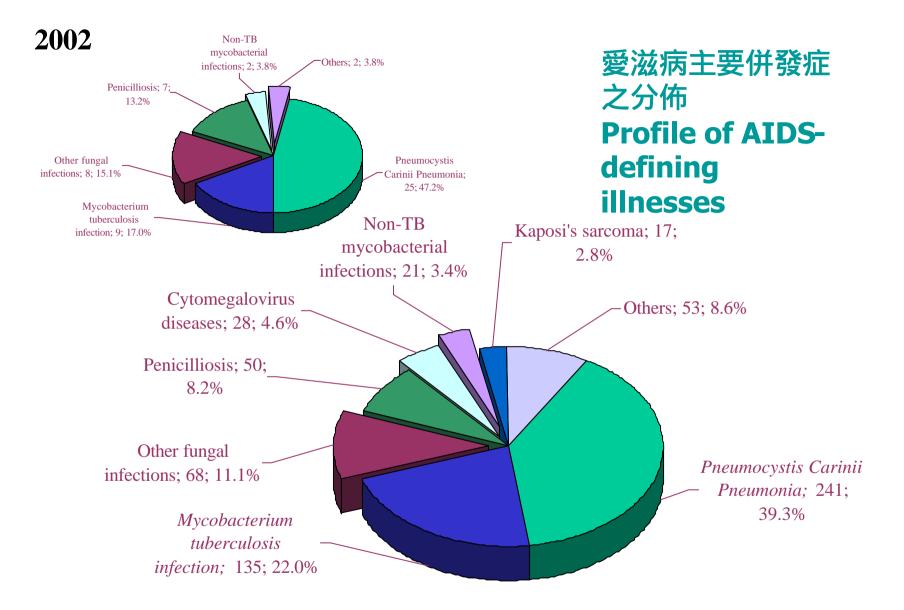
感染愛滋病病毒人士之 族裔分佈 Reported HIV infection by

ethnicity









Trend Analysis 趨勢分析

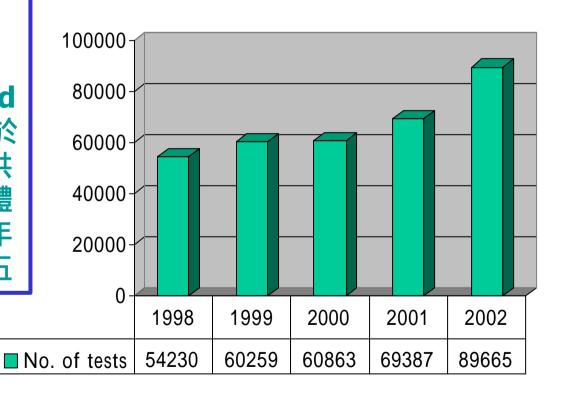
- HIV rate in Hong Kong has remained low. 愛滋病病毒感染率仍處於低水平
- Reported HIV infection has increased by about 20% in 2002 compared to 2001. 二零零二年報告受感染人數較二零零一年上升大約百分之二十
- Leveling, and possibly a decline, in the number of AIDS cases reported. 愛滋病報告數有下降趨勢

HIV rate in Hong Kong has remained low. 愛滋病病毒感染率仍處於低水平

Other surveillance studies confirmed that the HIV prevalence in adult men has remained low at <0.1%其它監測數 據顯示成年男士感染率維持 在千分一以下

Reported HIV has increased in 2002 二零零二年報告受感染人數上升

A 65% increase in the number of HIV tests done by DH in 2002, compared to 1998 衛生署於二零零二年所提供的愛滋病病毒抗體則試較一九九八年增加百分之六十五



Reported HIV has increased in 2002 二零零二年報告受感染人數上升

Implementation of UNIVERSAL ANTENATAL HIV **TESTING from** September 2001 政府於二 零零一年九月推 行自願性產前愛 滋病病毒抗體檢

IN THE FIRST YEAR首年工作

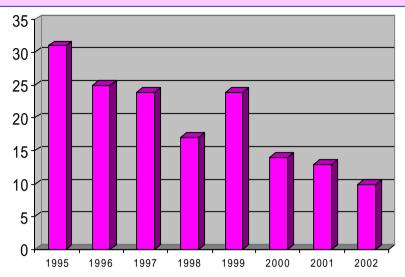
- •Over 40000 tests done in the public service 進行超過四萬個檢測
- •12 positive cases detected 發現十 二個受愛滋病病毒感染個案

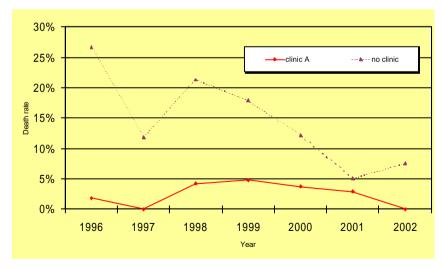
Risk behaviours still prevail 高危行為仍然普遍

Detection of new infections contracted through sex 發現有新感染經由性行為傳播

Decline in the report of AIDS cases 愛滋病報告數下降

Falling number of HIV/AIDS deaths from 20/year to <10/year* 因愛滋病死亡人數由每年二十人降至少於十人





*Data incomplete 資料不完整

Decline in the report of AIDS cases 愛滋病報告數下降

In 2002, 80% of the newly reported cases were managed at specialist services 二零零二年百分之八十新報告個案在專科服務接受治療

In 2001 and 2002, the CD4 count of newly reported HIV cases were higher services 二零零一及零 二年新報告個案CD4淋 巴細胞數目比前為高

1984 - first HIV case diagnosed 一九八四年發現首例愛滋病病毒感染

….into the 20th year 踏入第二十年……

New infections will continue to be reported 新感染個案將會持續

High human mobility 人流頻繁 Promote safer sex 推廣 安全性行為

New generation of risk-taking people 新一代高危人群

Strengthen harm reduction 深化緩害工作

Government efforts to promote HIV testing 政府進一步推廣愛滋病病毒抗體檢測

Expand coverage of HIV tests 擴闊愛滋病病毒 抗體檢測覆蓋

Statistical Summary 統計撮要

- 260 HIV cases were reported in 2002, the highest figure for a year 二零零二年 愛滋病病毒感染報告個案高達二百六十宗, 為最高記錄
- Reported AIDS was low at 53 同年愛滋 病報告數只有五十三宗
- Cumulative HIV number has exceeded 2000 but the prevalence has remained low 累積愛滋病病毒感染報告數目已超越二 千,但感染率仍處低水平



衛生署 Department of Health















